


AN INSTRUMENT CONCEPT FOR DYNAMICS OF COMPLEX (BIO-) SYSTEM FROM ELASTIC SCATTERING

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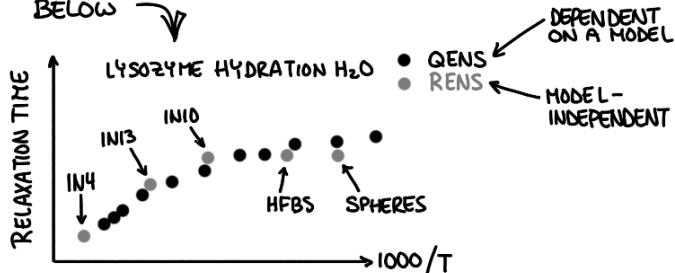
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THERE IS NO AD-HOC TECHNIQUE TO MEASURE COMPLEX SYSTEMS (e.g. BIO-MOLECULES)



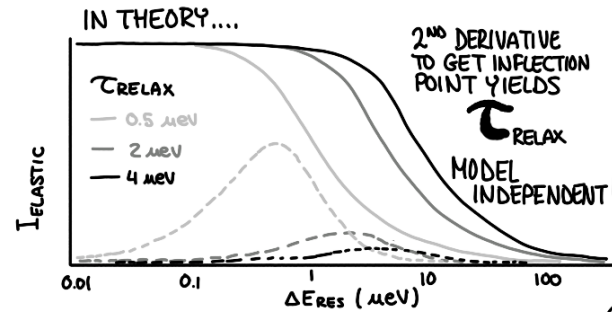
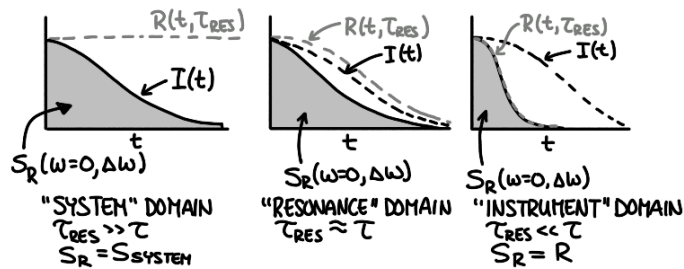
BENEDETTO DEVELOPED RESOLUTION ELASTIC NEUTRON SCATTERING (RENS) AND WITH DON KEARLEY DEVELOPED AN INSTRUMENT DEDICATED TO RENS

RENS IS A MODEL-FREE WAY TO EXTRACT τ_{RELAX} AND THE AGREEMENT WITH GENS IS EXCELLENT IN THE CASE SHOWN BELOW



$$S_R(Q, \omega=0; \tau_{RES}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt I(Q, t) R(t; \tau_{RES})$$

MEASURED ELASTIC SCATTERING \uparrow SYSTEM DYNAMICS \uparrow RESOLUTION FUNCTION



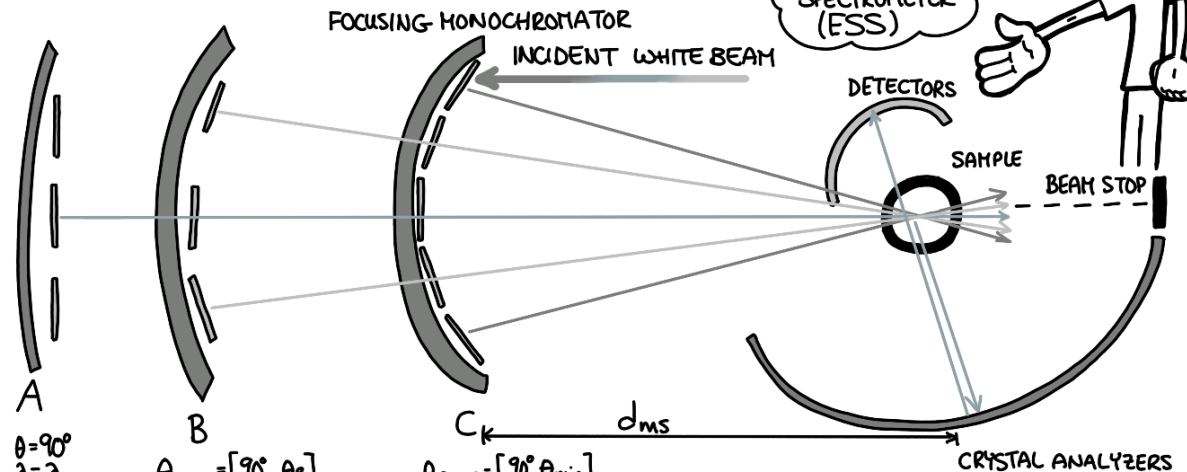
BUT... INEFFICIENT! SINCE IT REQUIRES MULTIPLE BACKSCATTERING SPECTROMETERS

BUT WHAT IF WE HAD AN INSTRUMENT WITH ADJUSTABLE RESOLUTION...?

ELASTIC SCATTERING SPECTROMETER (ESS)



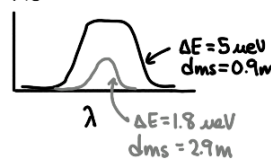
CONSTANT WAVELENGTH SETUP (CW SOURCE)



VARYING MONOCHROMATOR-SAMPLE DISTANCE AND MONOCHROMATOR CURVATURE YIELDS DIFFERENT INSTRUMENTAL ENERGY RESOLUTIONS

$$\lambda = d \sin \theta \rightarrow \frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda} = \frac{\Delta\theta}{\tan \theta} + \frac{\Delta d}{d}$$

McSTAS SIMULATIONS



ESS-TO-I(t)

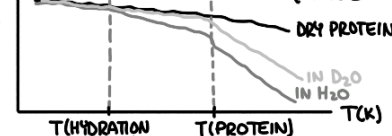
$$\frac{d}{d\tau_{RES}} S_R(\tau, \tau_{RES}) = \int_{\tau_{RES}}^{\tau_{RES} + \tau_{RES}} I(t, \tau) R(t, \tau_{RES}) dt \approx I(\tau_{RES}, \tau) R(\tau_{RES}, \tau_{RES})$$

$$NORM \left[\frac{d}{d\tau_{RES}} S_R(\tau, \tau_{RES}) \right] = I(\tau_{RES}, \tau)$$

ESS VS. GENS $\rightarrow \Delta\tau/\tau = 5\%$

AS ALSO DESCRIBED A ESS INSTRUMENT CONCEPT EXPLOITING TOF BUT I HAVEN'T SHOWN IT HERE

PROTEINS IN WATER (AS MEASURED WITH IN16B $\Delta E = 0.3 \mu eV$)



\rightarrow "KINK" SHIFTS TO LOWER T

$\rightarrow H_2O$ DYNAMICS FASTER THAN PROTEIN